

按照官方指南 http://nano.lichee.pro/get_started/first_eye.html

具体食用过程：

1、:uboot

```
git clone https://github.com/Lichee-Pi/u-boot.git
cd u-boot
# 查看分支
git branch -a
# 切换到 Nano 分支
git checkout nano-v2018.01
# 此处告知make 采用 arm-linux-gnueabi 下的所有交叉编译工具，目标架构为 Arm，设定各项默认配置为 nano 的 spiFlash 支持版
make ARCH=arm CROSS_COMPILE=arm-linux-gnueabi- licheepi_nano_spiflash_defconfig
# 进行可视化配置
make ARCH=arm menuconfig
根据指南设置 LCD
# 开始编译
make ARCH=arm CROSS_COMPILE=arm-linux-gnueabi- -j24
得到文件：
1007616 u-boot-sunxi-with-spl.bin
执行 sf probe 0;sf erase 0 0x100000;reset 即可重新进入 fel 模式
然后烧写 uboot
./sunxi-fel -p spiflash-write 0 u-boot-sunxi-with-spl.bin
```

串口输出信息：

```
U-Boot SPL 2018.01-05679-g013ca45 (Mar 04 2019 - 17:57:53)
```

```
DRAM: 32 MiB
```

```
Trying to boot from MMC1
```

```
Card did not respond to voltage select!
```

```
mmc_init: -95, time 22
```

```
spl: mmc init failed with error: -95
```

```
Trying to boot from sunxi SPI
```

```
U-Boot 2018.01-05679-g013ca45 (Mar 04 2019 - 17:57:53 +0800) Allwinner Technology
```

```
CPU: Allwinner F Series (SUNIV)
```

```
Model: Lichee Pi Nano
```

```
DRAM: 32 MiB
```

```
MMC: SUNXI SD/MMC: 0
```

```
SF: Detected w25q128bv with page size 256 Bytes, erase size 4 KiB, total 16 MiB
```

```
*** Warning - bad CRC, using default environment
```



```
missing environment variable: bootfile
Retrieving file: pxelinux.cfg/default-arm
No ethernet found.
missing environment variable: bootfile
Retrieving file: pxelinux.cfg/default
No ethernet found.
Config file not found
starting USB...
No controllers found
No ethernet found.
No ethernet found.
=> bdfinfo
arch_number = 0x00000000
boot_params = 0x80000100
DRAM bank   = 0x00000000
-> start    = 0x80000000
-> size     = 0x02000000
baudrate    = 115200 bps
TLB addr    = 0x80FF0000
relocaddr   = 0x80F70000
reloc off   = 0xFF870000
irq_sp      = 0x80E65D90
sp start    = 0x80E65D80
FB base     = 0x81E89000
Early malloc usage: 118 / 400
fdt_blob = 80e65da8
=>
```

2、主线 linux

```
git clone --depth=1 -b f1c100s-4802721cd-test https://github.com/Icenowy/linux.git
```

下载.config 文件放入 linux 文件夹

```
make ARCH=arm menuconfig #这里好像没什么改的吧?
```

```
make ARCH=arm CROSS_COMPILE=arm-linux-gnueabi- -j24 #请自行修改编译线程数
```

得到文件:

```
10695412 3月 4 18:14 Image*
```

```
3837040 3月 4 18:14 zImage*
```

3、设备树添加节点

根据指南内修改 LCD 和加入 LED

```
make ARCH=arm CROSS_COMPILE=arm-linux-gnueabi- dtbs -j24
```

得到文件:

```
DTC arch/arm/boot/dts/suniv-f1c100s-licheepi-nano.dtb
```

4、使用 buildroot 构建根文件系统

```
wget https://buildroot.org/downloads/buildroot-2017.08.tar.gz
```

```
tar xvf buildroot-2017.08.tar.gz
```

```
cd buildroot-2017.08/
```

下载 buildroot 的 [.config](#) 文件, 重命名为 `.config` 后放到 buildroot 目录下

```
make menuconfig
```

配置下

```
Target options --->
```

```
Target Architecture Variant (arm926t) ---> // arm926ej3 架构
```

```
[ ] Enable VFP extension support // Nano 没有 VFP 单元, 勾选会导致某些应用无法运行
```

```
Target ABI (EABI) --->
```

```
Floating point strategy (Soft float) ---> // 软浮点
```

```
System configuration --->
```

```
(Lichee Pi) System hostname // hostname
```

```
(licheepi) Root password // 默认账户为 root 密码为 licheepi
```

```
[*] remount root filesystem read-write during boot // 启动时重新挂在文件系统使其可读写
```

编译:

```
make BR2_JLEVEL=24
```

得到文件:

```
98129920 3月 4 19:21 rootfs.tar
```

5、spi-flash 启动适配

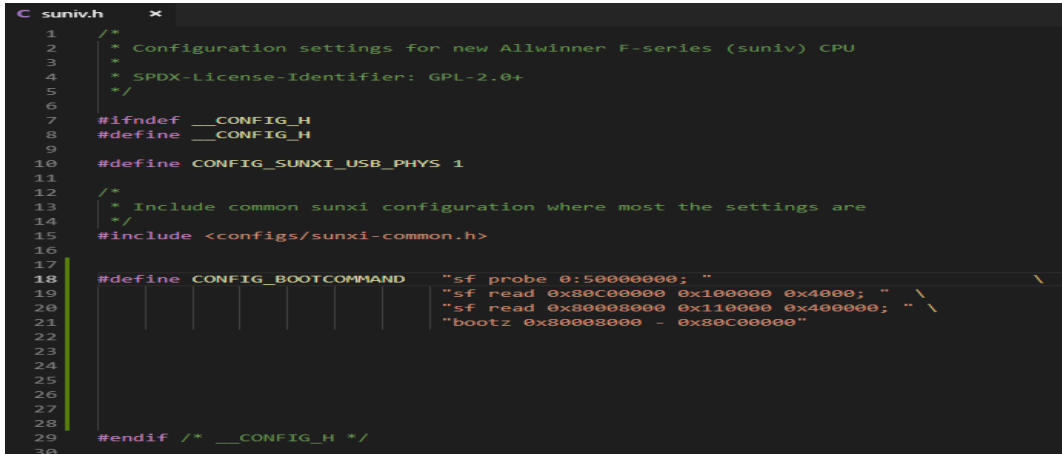
在 uboot 源码目录下 进入 `./include/configs/`

修改 `suniv.h`

```
#define CONFIG_BOOTCOMMAND "sf probe 0:50000000;" \
                            "sf read 0x80C00000 0x100000 0x4000;" \
```

```
"sf read 0x80008000 0x110000 0x400000; " \
```

```
"bootz 0x80008000 - 0x80C00000"
```



```
1  /*
2  * Configuration settings for new Allwinner F-series (suniv) CPU
3  *
4  * SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-2.0+
5  */
6
7  #ifndef __CONFIG_H
8  #define __CONFIG_H
9
10 #define CONFIG_SUNXI_USB_PHYS 1
11
12 /*
13 * Include common sunxi configuration where most the settings are
14 */
15 #include <configs/sunxi-common.h>
16
17
18 #define CONFIG_BOOTCOMMAND "sf probe 0:50000000; " \
19 "sf read 0x80C00000 0x100000 0x4000; " \
20 "sf read 0x80008000 0x110000 0x400000; " \
21 "bootz 0x80008000 - 0x80C00000"
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29 #endif /* __CONFIG_H */
30
```

不知道对不对哦 这里...

然后再进入 u-boot 文件夹

make ARCH=arm menuconfig #配置

取消勾选 Enable a default value for bootcmd

bootargs 修改

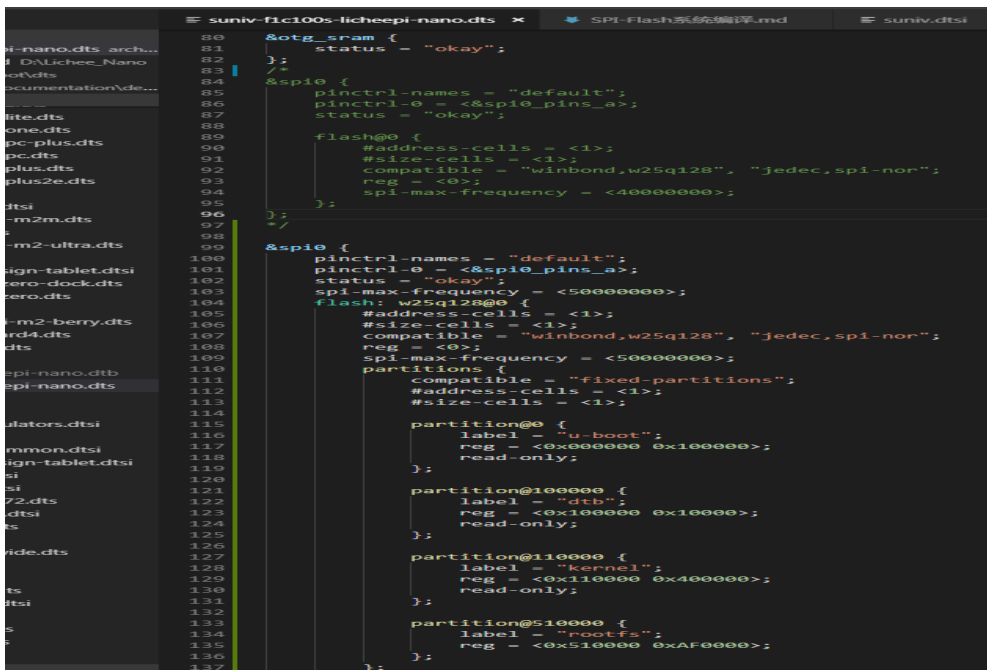
勾选 Enable boot arguments ;

在下方一项中填入 bootargs 参数:

```
console=ttyS0,115200 panic=5 rootwait root=/dev/mtdblock3 rw rootfstype=jffs2
```

接着 dts 修改 (这里是进入 linux 文件夹吧?)

修改内核源码目录下的 ./arch/arm/boot/dts/suniv-f1c100s-licheepi-nano.dts



```
80 &otg_sram {
81     status = "okay";
82 };
83 /*
84 * SPI
85 */
86 &spi0 {
87     pinctrl-names = "default";
88     pinctrl-0 = <&spi0_pins_a>;
89     status = "okay";
90
91     flash@0 {
92         #address-cells = <1>;
93         #size-cells = <1>;
94         compatible = "winbond,w25q128", "jedec,spi-nor";
95         reg = <0>;
96         spi-max-frequency = <40000000>;
97     };
98 }
99
100 &spi1 {
101     pinctrl-names = "default";
102     pinctrl-0 = <&spi0_pins_a>;
103     status = "okay";
104     spi-max-frequency = <50000000>;
105     flash: w25q128@0 {
106         #address-cells = <1>;
107         #size-cells = <1>;
108         compatible = "winbond,w25q128", "jedec,spi-nor";
109         reg = <0>;
110         spi-max-frequency = <50000000>;
111         partitions {
112             compatible = "fixed-partitions";
113             #address-cells = <1>;
114             #size-cells = <1>;
115
116             partition@0 {
117                 label = "u-boot";
118                 reg = <0x100000 0x100000>;
119                 read-only;
120             };
121
122             partition@100000 {
123                 label = "dtb";
124                 reg = <0x100000 0x100000>;
125                 read-only;
126             };
127
128             partition@110000 {
129                 label = "kernel";
130                 reg = <0x110000 0x400000>;
131                 read-only;
132             };
133
134             partition@510000 {
135                 label = "rootfs";
136                 reg = <0x510000 0xAF0000>;
137             };
138         };
139     };
140 };
```

请问这里对吗？是这样操作吗？

接着下一步

内核配置修改

我是用 主线 linux 编译里的配置指令(不知道对否?)

```
make ARCH=arm menuconfig
```

勾选 File systems › Miscellaneous filesystems › Journalling Flash File System v2 (JFFS2) support

接着就是：

修改源码下的 `./drivers/mtd/spi-nor.c` （是在 linux 文件夹下吧？但是我这边还多了层文件夹 `spi-nor`）

修改对应 `spi-flash`；如 `w25q128`：

```
{ "w25q128", INFO(0xef4018, 0, 64 * 1024, 256, SECT_4K) },
```

// 修改为（不使用 sector，使用块擦除）：

```
{ "w25q128", INFO(0xef4018, 0, 64 * 1024, 256, 0) },
```

```
1162 { "w25q20c1", INFO(0xef4812, 0, 64 * 1024, 4, SECT_4K) },
1163 { "w25q20bw", INFO(0xef5012, 0, 64 * 1024, 4, SECT_4K) },
1164 { "w25q20ew", INFO(0xef6012, 0, 64 * 1024, 4, SECT_4K) },
1165 { "w25q32", INFO(0xef4816, 0, 64 * 1024, 64, SECT_4K) },
1166 {
1167     "w25q32dw", INFO(0xef6016, 0, 64 * 1024, 64,
1168         SECT_4K | SPI_NOR_DUAL_READ | SPI_NOR_QUAD_READ |
1169         SPI_NOR_HAS_LOCK | SPI_NOR_HAS_TB)
1170 },
1171 { "w25x64", INFO(0xef3017, 0, 64 * 1024, 128, SECT_4K) },
1172 { "w25q64", INFO(0xef4017, 0, 64 * 1024, 128, SECT_4K) },
1173 {
1174     "w25q64dw", INFO(0xef6017, 0, 64 * 1024, 128,
1175         SECT_4K | SPI_NOR_DUAL_READ | SPI_NOR_QUAD_READ |
1176         SPI_NOR_HAS_LOCK | SPI_NOR_HAS_TB)
1177 },
1178 {
1179     "w25q128fw", INFO(0xef6018, 0, 64 * 1024, 256,
1180         SECT_4K | SPI_NOR_DUAL_READ | SPI_NOR_QUAD_READ |
1181         SPI_NOR_HAS_LOCK | SPI_NOR_HAS_TB)
1182 },
1183 { "w25q80", INFO(0xef5014, 0, 64 * 1024, 16, SECT_4K) },
1184 { "w25q80b1", INFO(0xef4014, 0, 64 * 1024, 16, SECT_4K) },
1185 /* "w25q128", INFO(0xef4018, 0, 64 * 1024, 256, SECT_4K) */,
1186 { "w25q128", INFO(0xef4018, 0, 64 * 1024, 256, 0) },
1187 { "w25q256", INFO(0xef4019, 0, 64 * 1024, 512, SECT_4K | SPI_NOR_DUAL_READ | SPI_NOR_QUAD_READ | SPI_NOR_HAS_LOCK | SPI_NOR_HAS_TB) },
1188 { "w25m512jv", INFO(0xef7119, 0, 64 * 1024, 1024,
1189     SECT_4K | SPI_NOR_QUAD_READ | SPI_NOR_DUAL_READ) },
1190 };
1191
1192 /* Catalyst / On Semiconductor -- non-JEDEC */
1193 { "cat25c11", CAT25_INFO( 16, 8, 16, 1, SPI_NOR_NO_ERASE | SPI_NOR_NO_FR ) },
1194 { "cat25c03", CAT25_INFO( 32, 8, 16, 2, SPI_NOR_NO_ERASE | SPI_NOR_NO_FR ) },
1195 { "cat25c09", CAT25_INFO( 128, 8, 32, 2, SPI_NOR_NO_ERASE | SPI_NOR_NO_FR ) },
1196 { "cat25c17", CAT25_INFO( 256, 8, 32, 2, SPI_NOR_NO_ERASE | SPI_NOR_NO_FR ) },
1197 { "cat25120", CAT25_INFO(2048, 8, 64, 2, SPI_NOR_NO_ERASE | SPI_NOR_NO_FR) },
1198 };
1199
1200 /* Xilinx S3AN Internal Flash */
1201 { "3550AN", S3AN_INFO(0x1f2200, 64, 264) },
1202 { "35200AN", S3AN_INFO(0x1f2400, 256, 264) },
1203 { "35400AN", S3AN_INFO(0x1f2400, 256, 264) },
1204 { "35700AN", S3AN_INFO(0x1f2500, 512, 264) },
1205 { "351400AN", S3AN_INFO(0x1f2600, 512, 528) },
1206 { },
1207 };
1208
1209 static const struct flash_info *spi_nor_read_id(struct spi_nor *nor)
1210 {
1211     int tmp;
1212     u8 id[SPI_NOR_MAX_ID_LEN];
1213     const struct flash_info *info;
1214
1215     tmp = nor->read_reg(nor, SPINOR_OP_RDID, id, SPI_NOR_MAX_ID_LEN);
1216     if (tmp < 0) {
1217         dev_dbg(nor->dev, "error %d reading JEDEC ID\n", tmp);
1218         return ERR_PTR(tmp);
1219     }
1220 }
```

是这样吗？

接下来

接下来就是把 uboot , dtb ,linux, 根文件系统 重新编译一次吧？

然后就是 合成 bin 文件

```
YOUR_IMG_FILE=flashimg.bin  
YOUR_UBOOT_FILE=~/.Works/LicheeNano/1.SYSKIT/u-boot/u-boot-sunxi-with-spl.bin  
YOUR_DTB_FILE=~/.Works/LicheeNano/1.SYSKIT/linux/arch/arm/boot/dts/suniv-f1c100s-licheepi-nano.dtb  
YOUR_KERNEL_FILE=~/.Works/LicheeNano/1.SYSKIT/linux/arch/arm/boot/zImage  
YOUR_ROOTFS_FILE=~/.Works/LicheeNano/1.SYSKIT/buildroot-2017.08/output/images/rootfs.tar
```

```
dd if=/dev/zero of=flashimg.bin bs=1M count=16  
dd if=$YOUR_UBOOT_FILE of=flashimg.bin bs=1K conv=notrunc  
dd if=$YOUR_DTB_FILE of=flashimg.bin bs=1K seek=1024 conv=notrunc  
dd if=$YOUR_KERNEL_FILE of=flashimg.bin bs=1K seek=1088 conv=notrunc  
mkdir rootfs  
tar -xzf $YOUR_ROOTFS_FILE -C ./rootfs
```

```
scp -r $YOUR_MOD_FILE rootfs/lib/modules/
```

 (这个文件不知道是指哪个..所以就没管他了)

```
mkfs.jffs2 -s 0x100 -e 0x10000 --pad=0xAF0000 -d rootfs/ -o jffs2.img  
dd if=jffs2.img of=$YOUR_IMG_FILE bs=1K seek=5184 conv=notrunc
```

做成.sh 脚本 LF 行尾 运行

得到文件：

16777216 3月 4 20:05 flashimg.bin

这回应该对了吧

执行

```
sf probe 0;sf erase 0 0x100000;reset
```

进入 FEL 模式

烧写

```
./sunxi-fel.exe -p spiflash-write 0 z:/~/Works/LicheeNano/1.SYSKIT/FLASHTOOL/flashimg.bin
```

等待……….

伤心…….

还是不行……

看下图

```
U-Boot SPL 2018.01-05679-g013ca45-dirty (Mar 04 2019 - 19:55:28)
DRAM: 32 MiB
Trying to boot from MMC1
Card did not respond to voltage select!
mmc_init: -95, time 22
spl: mmc init failed with error: -95
Trying to boot from sunxi SPI

U-Boot 2018.01-05679-g013ca45-dirty (Mar 04 2019 - 19:55:28 +0800) Allwinner Techno
Logy

CPU: Allwinner F Series (SUNIV)
Model: Lichee Pi Nano
DRAM: 32 MiB
MMC: SUNXI SD/MMC: 0
SF: Detected w25q128bv with page size 256 Bytes, erase size 4 KiB, total 16 MiB
*** Warning - bad CRC, using default environment

Setting up a 800x480 lcd console (overscan 0x0)
In: serial@1c25000
Out: serial@1c25000
Err: serial@1c25000
Net: No ethernet found.
starting USB...
No controllers found
Hit any key to stop autoboot: 0
spi_flash@0:50000000: failed to activate chip-select 50000000
SF: error -2 reading JEDEC ID
Failed to initialize SPI flash at 0:50000000 (error -2)
No SPI flash selected. Please run 'sf probe'
No SPI flash selected. Please run 'sf probe'
=>
```

```
U-Boot SPL 2018.01-05679-g013ca45-dirty (Mar 04 2019 - 19:55:28)
DRAM: 32 MiB
Trying to boot from MMC1
Card did not respond to voltage select!
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=> sf probe
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arch_number = 0x00000000
boot_params = 0x80000100
DRAM_bank = 0x00000000
> start = 0x80000000
> size = 0x02000000
baudrate = 115200 bps
TLB_addr = 0x80FF0000
relocaddr = 0x80F70000
reloc_off = 0xFF870000
irq_sp = 0x80E65000
sp_start = 0x80E65000
FB_base = 0x81E89000
Early malloc usage: 118 / 400
fdt_blob = 80e65da8
=> |
```